

In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (original) A method of producing a lightning diverter for conducting a lightning-induced electrical current and to be placed on structures such as wings on wind turbines, aircraft components, radomes and the like with the purpose of lightning protection where the method comprises the steps of:

- making of a plurality of holes (102) in a plate (101) of an electrically conductive material,
- filling said holes (102) at least partly with one or more electrically non-conductive materials,
- dividing the plate (101),

thereby obtaining a layer of electrically non-conductive material (201) with a plurality of isolated segments of electrically conductive material (105).

2. (original) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to claim 1 where the plate is divided into strips (103).

3. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-2~~ claim 1 where the holes (102) in the plate (101) are made by cutting, preferably by laser cutting.
4. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-2~~ claim 1 where the holes (102) in the plate (101) are made by punching.
5. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-4~~ claim 1 where the electrically conductive material is preferably a metal.
6. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-5~~ claim 1 where the electrically non-conductive material is preferably an adhesive.
7. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-6~~ claim 1 where the holes (102) in the plate (101) are at least partially filled by pressing the plate (101) down into a layer of electrically non-conductive material (201).
8. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-7~~ claim 1 where the method further comprises applying a layer of material (501) increasing the stiffness of the lightning diverter in the direction along the strip (103) and a further layer of electrically non-conductive

material (502) to the first layer of electrically non-conductive material (301).

9. (currently amended) A method of producing a lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-8~~ claim 1 where the method further comprises applying a double sided adhesive tape (401) to the outermost layer of electrically non-conductive material.

10. (original) A lightning diverter for conducting a lightning-induced electrical current and to be placed on structures such as blades on wind turbines, aircraft components, radomes and the like with the purpose of lightning protection, where the diverter comprises a layer of electrically non-conductive material (201) with a plurality of isolated segments of electrically conductive material, (105) and where the diverter is **characterized in** that the exposed parts of said segments are described by concave shapes.

11. (original) A lightning diverter according to claim 10 **characterized by** the diverter being in the shape of a strip (103).

12. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-11~~ claim 10 **characterized by** a number of the isolated segments (105) being cross-shaped.

13. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-12~~ claim 10 **characterized by** a number of the isolated segments (105) being star-shaped.

14. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-13~~ claim 10 **characterized by** comprising a layer of material (501) increasing the stiffness of the lightning diverter in the direction along the strip (103).

15. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-14~~ claim 10 **characterized by** comprising an outermost layer of double sided adhesive tape (401).

16. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-15~~ claim 10 **characterized by** the segments (105) being preferably made of metal.

17. (currently amended) A lightning diverter according to ~~one or more of the claims 10-16~~ claim 10 **characterized by** the electrically non-conductive material (201) being preferably made of an adhesive.

18. (currently amended) A blade for a wind turbine, the blade comprising a fiber reinforced blade shell (1001) and means for grounding a lightning-induced electrical current, where the blade is equipped with at least one diverter strip (103) produced according to ~~one or more of the claims 1-9, wherein said at least one diverter strip (103) is produced by a method comprising the steps of:~~

- a) making of a plurality of holes (102) in a plate (101) of an electrically conductive material,
- b) filling said holes (102) at least partly with one or more electrically non-conductive materials,
- c) dividing the plate (101),

thereby obtaining a layer of electrically non-conductive material (201) with a plurality of isolated segments of electrically conductive material (105).